

CONGENITAL HEARTDISEASE PANEL¹ DG-3.9.0 (95 GENES)

| <i>Gene</i> | <i>Twist X2 covered >10x</i> | <i>Twist X2 covered >20x</i> | <i>WGS covered >10x</i> | <i>WGS covered >20x</i> | <i>Associated Phenotype description and OMIM disease ID</i> |
|-------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| ABL1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.4% | Leukemia, Philadelphia chromosome-positive, resistant to imatinib, 608232;Congenital heart defects and skeletal malformations syndrome, 617602 |
| ACTC1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.5% | Left ventricular noncompaction 4, 613424;Cardiomyopathy, hypertrophic, 11, 612098;Atrial septal defect 5, 612794;Cardiomyopathy, dilated, 1R, 613424 |
| ACVR2B | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.7% | Heterotaxy, visceral, 4, autosomal, 613751 |
| ADNP | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.7% | Helsmoortel-van der Aa syndrome, 615873 |
| ALDH1A2 | 100.0% | 99.9% | 100.0% | 98.4% | Diaphragmatic hernia 4, with cardiovascular defects, 620025 |
| ANKRD1 | 100.0% | 99.9% | 100.0% | 96.2% | |
| ANKRD11 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.0% | KBG syndrome, 148050 |

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|---------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--|
| BRAF | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 96.7% | Melanoma, malignant, somatic, 155600;LEOPARD syndrome 3, 613707;Cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome, 115150;Adenocarcinoma of lung, somatic, 211980;Noonan syndrome 7, 613706;Colorectal cancer, somatic, 114500;Non-small cell lung cancer, somatic, 211980 |
| CACNA1C | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.0% | Timothy syndrome, 601005;Long QT syndrome 8, 618447;Neurodevelopmental disorder with hypotonia, language delay, and skeletal defects with or without seizures, 620029;Brugada syndrome 3, 611875 |
| CCDC114 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.9% | Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 20, 615067 |
| CFAP45 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.7% | Heterotaxy, visceral, 11, autosomal, with male infertility, 619608 |
| CFAP53 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 97.2% | Heterotaxy, visceral, 6, autosomal recessive, 614779 |
| CFC1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.6% | Heterotaxy, visceral, 2, autosomal, 605376 |

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| CHD4 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.2% | Sifrim-Hitz-Weiss syndrome, 617159 |
| CHD7 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.6% | Hypogonadotropic hypogonadism 5 with or without anosmia, 612370;CHARGE syndrome, 214800 |
| CITED2 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 96.5% | Atrial septal defect 8, 614433;Ventricular septal defect 2, 614431 |
| COL3A1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.1% | Ehlers-Danlos syndrome, vascular type, 130050;Polymicrogyria with or without vascular-type EDS, 618343 |
| CRELD1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.7% | Atrioventricular septal defect, partial, with heterotaxy syndrome, 606217;Jeffries-Lakhani neurodevelopmental syndrome, 620771;{Atrioventricular septal defect, susceptibility to, 2}, 606217 |
| CTNND1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.7% | Blepharocheilodontic syndrome 2, 617681 |
| DCHS1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.7% | Mitral valve prolapse 2, 607829;Van Maldergem syndrome 1, 601390 |
| DYRK1A | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.7% | Intellectual developmental disorder, autosomal dominant 7, 614104 |

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| DZIP1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 97.1% | Spermatogenic failure 47, 619102;?Mitral valve prolapse 3, 610840 |
| EHMT1 | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.9% | 98.9% | Kleefstra syndrome 1, 610253 |
| ELN | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.8% | Cutis laxa, autosomal dominant, 123700;Supravalvar aortic stenosis, 185500 |
| FBN1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.1% | Geleophysic dysplasia 2, 614185;Weill-Marchesani syndrome 2, dominant, 608328;Ectopia lentis, familial, 129600;MASS syndrome, 604308;Marfan lipodystrophy syndrome, 616914;Acromicric dysplasia, 102370;Marfan syndrome, 154700;Stiff skin syndrome, 184900 |
| FBN2 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.4% | Macular degeneration, early-onset, 616118;Contractural arachnodactyly, congenital, 121050 |

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| FLNA | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.0% | 78.6% | Otopalatodigital syndrome, type II, 304120;Intestinal pseudoobstruction, neuronal, 300048;Cardiac valvular dysplasia, X-linked, 314400;?FG syndrome 2, 300321;Melnick-Needles syndrome, 309350;Terminal osseous dysplasia, 300244;Congenital short bowel syndrome, 300048;Otopalatodigital syndrome, type I, 311300;Heterotopia, periventricular, 1, 300049;Frontometaphyseal dysplasia 1, 305620 |
| FLT4 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.2% | Hemangioma, capillary infantile, somatic, 602089;Lymphatic malformation 1, 153100;Congenital heart defects, multiple types, 7, 618780 |
| FOXH1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.2% | |
| FOXJ1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 97.2% | Ciliary dyskinesia, primary, 43, 618699 |
| FOXL1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 95.1% | Otosclerosis 11, 620576 |

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|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--|
| GATA4 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.8% | 96.0% | Tetralogy of Fallot, 187500;Atrial septal defect 2, 607941;Ventricular septal defect 1, 614429;Atrioventricular septal defect 4, 614430;?Testicular anomalies with or without congenital heart disease, 615542 |
| GATA5 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 97.6% | Congenital heart defects, multiple types, 5, 617912 |
| GATA6 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 92.6% | Atrial septal defect 9, 614475;Persistent truncus arteriosus, 217095;Pancreatic agenesis and congenital heart defects, 600001;Atrioventricular septal defect 5, 614474;Tetralogy of Fallot, 187500 |
| GDF1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.5% | Congenital heart defects, multiple types, 6, 613854;Right atrial isomerism (lvemark), 208530 |
| GJA5 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.8% | Atrial fibrillation, familial, 11, 614049;Atrial standstill, digenic (GJA5/SCN5A), 108770 |
| GLIS1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.5% | |
| GLYR1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.6% | |

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|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|--|
| HAND1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.2% | |
| HAND2 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.3% | 73.0% | |
| HEY2 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.1% | |
| JAG1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.6% | ?Deafness, congenital heart defects, and posterior embryotoxon, 617992;Charcot-Marie-Tooth disease, axonal, type 2HH, 619574;Alagille syndrome 1, 118450;Tetralogy of Fallot, 187500 |
| KAT6B | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.4% | SBBYSS syndrome, 603736;Genitopatellar syndrome, 606170 |
| KDR | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.5% | {Hemangioma, capillary infantile, susceptibility to}, 602089;Hemangioma, capillary infantile, somatic, 602089 |
| KMT2A | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 97.9% | Wiedemann-Steiner syndrome, 605130 |
| KMT2D | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.8% | Branchial arch abnormalities, choanal atresia, athelia, hearing loss, and hypothyroidism syndrome, 620186;Kabuki syndrome 1, 147920 |

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| KRAS | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.7% | Gastric cancer, somatic, 613659;Oculoectodermal syndrome, somatic, 600268;Breast cancer, somatic, 114480;Noonan syndrome 3, 609942;RAS-associated autoimmune leukoproliferative disorder, 614470;Arteriovenous malformation of the brain, somatic, 108010;Lung cancer, somatic, 211980;Pancreatic carcinoma, somatic, 260350;Leukemia, acute myeloid, somatic, 601626;Schimmelpenning-Feuerstein-Mims syndrome, somatic mosaic, 163200;Cardiofaciocutaneous syndrome 2, 615278;Bladder cancer, somatic, 109800 |
| LEFTY2 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.5% | |
| LMCD1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 98.4% | |
| MCTP2 | 100.0% | 99.9% | 100.0% | 98.7% | |
| MED13L | 100.0% | 99.6% | 100.0% | 98.5% | Impaired intellectual development and distinctive facial features with or without cardiac defects, 616789 |
| MMP21 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.4% | Heterotaxy, visceral, 7, autosomal, 616749 |

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| MUC16 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.3% | |
| MYH11 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.1% | Megacystis-microcolon-intestinal hypoperistalsis syndrome 2, 619351;Aortic aneurysm, familial thoracic 4, 132900;Visceral myopathy 2, 619350 |
| MYH6 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 97.7% | {Sick sinus syndrome 3}, 614090;Atrial septal defect 3, 614089;Cardiomyopathy, dilated, 1EE, 613252;Cardiomyopathy, hypertrophic, 14, 613251 |
| MYH7 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.0% | Laing distal myopathy, 160500;Cardiomyopathy, hypertrophic, 1, 192600;Left ventricular noncompaction 5, 613426;Cardiomyopathy, dilated, 1S, 613426;Congenital myopathy 7B, myosin storage, autosomal recessive, 255160;Congenital myopathy 7A, myosin storage, autosomal dominant, 608358 |
| MYRF | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.6% | Encephalitis/encephalopathy, mild, with reversible myelin vacuolization, 618113;Cardiac-urogenital syndrome, 618280 |

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|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|---|
| NAA15 | 96.6% | 96.6% | 100.0% | 98.3% | Intellectual developmental disorder, autosomal dominant 50, with behavioral abnormalities, 617787 |
| NF1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.6% | Watson syndrome, 193520;Leukemia, juvenile myelomonocytic, 607785;Neurofibromatosis, familial spinal, 162210;Neurofibromatosis, type 1, 162200;Neurofibromatosis-Noonan syndrome, 601321 |
| NKX2-5 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.2% | Hypoplastic left heart syndrome 2, 614435;Tetralogy of Fallot, 187500;Hypothyroidism, congenital nongoitrous, 5, 225250;Conotruncal heart malformations, variable, 217095;Ventricular septal defect 3, 614432;Atrial septal defect 7, with or without AV conduction defects, 108900 |
| NKX2-6 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.7% | Persistent truncus arteriosus, 217095;Conotruncal heart malformations, 217095 |
| NODAL | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.1% | Heterotaxy, visceral, 5, 270100 |

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| NONO | 100.0% | 99.5% | 98.0% | 71.3% | Intellectual developmental disorder, X-linked syndromic 34, 300967 |
| NOTCH1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.6% | Adams-Oliver syndrome 5, 616028;Aortic valve disease 1, 109730 |
| NOTCH2 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.5% | Alagille syndrome 2, 610205;Hajdu-Cheney syndrome, 102500 |
| NR2F2 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 96.6% | 46XX sex reversal 5, 618901;Congenital heart defects, multiple types, 4, 615779 |
| NSD1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.6% | Sotos syndrome, 117550 |
| PKD1L1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.8% | Heterotaxy, visceral, 8, autosomal, 617205 |
| PLD1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.8% | Cardiac valvular dysplasia 1, 212093 |
| PLXND1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.5% | Congenital heart defects, multiple types, 9, 620294 |
| PPP1R13L | 100.0% | 99.9% | 99.8% | 95.7% | Arrhythmogenic cardiomyopathy with variable ectodermal abnormalities, 620519 |
| PRKD1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 95.0% | Congenital heart defects and ectodermal dysplasia, 617364 |

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| PTPN11 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.2% | Noonan syndrome 1, 163950;LEOPARD syndrome 1, 151100;Metachondromatosis, 156250;Leukemia, juvenile myelomonocytic, somatic, 607785 |
| RAF1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.7% | Cardiomyopathy, dilated, 1NN, 615916;Noonan syndrome 5, 611553;LEOPARD syndrome 2, 611554 |
| RBFOX2 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 96.5% | |
| ROBO4 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.9% | Aortic valve disease 3, 618496 |
| SHROOM3 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.5% | |
| SMAD6 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.8% | 91.5% | Aortic valve disease 2, 614823;{Radioulnar synostosis, nonsyndromic}, 179300;{Craniosynostosis 7, susceptibility to}, 617439 |
| SMARCA4 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.5% | Coffin-Siris syndrome 4, 614609;{Rhabdoid tumor predisposition syndrome 2}, 613325;?Otosclerosis 12, 620792 |
| SOS1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 96.8% | Noonan syndrome 4, 610733;?Fibromatosis, gingival, 1, 135300 |
| SOX7 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.8% | 92.0% | |
| SRF | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 95.7% | |

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|---------|--------|--------|--------|-------|---|
| TAB2 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.3% | Congenital heart defects, nonsyndromic, 2, 614980 |
| TAF1 | 100.0% | 99.9% | 97.3% | 69.0% | Intellectual developmental disorder, X-linked syndromic 33, 300966;Dystonia-Parkinsonism, X-linked, 314250 |
| TBX1 | 97.7% | 95.5% | 99.5% | 83.7% | Tetralogy of Fallot, 187500;DiGeorge syndrome, 188400;Conotruncal anomaly face syndrome, 217095;Velocardiofacial syndrome, 192430 |
| TBX20 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.5% | Atrial septal defect 4, 611363 |
| TBX5 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.0% | Holt-Oram syndrome, 142900 |
| TDGF1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.8% | |
| TFAP2B | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.3% | Patent ductus arteriosus 2, 617035;Char syndrome, 169100 |
| TLL1 | 99.4% | 98.9% | 100.0% | 98.6% | Atrial septal defect 6, 613087 |
| TMEM260 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 97.9% | Structural heart defects and renal anomalies syndrome, 617478 |
| TNS1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 99.0% | |

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|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|---|
| TSC1 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 98.8% | Focal cortical dysplasia, type II, somatic, 607341;Tuberous sclerosis-1, 191100;Lymphangi leiomyomatosis, 606690 |
| ZFPM2 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 97.9% | Diaphragmatic hernia 3, 610187;46XY sex reversal 9, 616067;Tetralogy of Fallot, 187500 |
| ZIC3 | 100.0% | 100.0% | 97.4% | 68.8% | Congenital heart defects, nonsyndromic, 1, X-linked, 306955;Heterotaxy, visceral, 1, X-linked, 306955;VACTERL association, X-linked, 314390 |

Gene symbols used follow HGNC guidelines: Gray KA, Yates B, Seal RL, Wright MW, Bruford EA. Nucleic Acids Res. 2015 Jan 43(Database issue):D1079-85.

TWIST X2 Covered 10x describes the percentage of a gene's coding sequence that is covered at least 10x when analyzed by WES using TWIST X2 chemistry.

TWIST X2 Covered 20x describes the percentage of a gene's coding sequence that is covered at least 20x when analyzed by WES using TWIST X2 chemistry.

srWGS GRCh38 Covered 10x describes the percentage of a gene's coding sequence that is covered at least 10x when analyzed by WGS mapped against GRCh38.

srWGS GRCh38 Covered 20x describes the percentage of a gene's coding sequence that is covered at least 20x when analyzed by WGS mapped against GRCh38.

non-protein coding genes are covered, but as coverage statistics are based on protein coding regions, statistics could not be generated.

OMIM release used for OMIM disease identifiers and descriptions : March 17th, 2023.

This list is accurate for panel version DG 3.9.0

Ad 1. "No OMIM phenotype" signifies a gene without a current OMIM association Ad 2. OMIM phenotype descriptions between {} signify risk factors